



# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

*In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN  
15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:*

**MAPEFAST SUPER SET**



An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is, therefore, subject to the continued registration and publication at [www.environdec.com](http://www.environdec.com).

Programme:  
**The International  
EPD® System;**  
[www.environdec.com](http://www.environdec.com)

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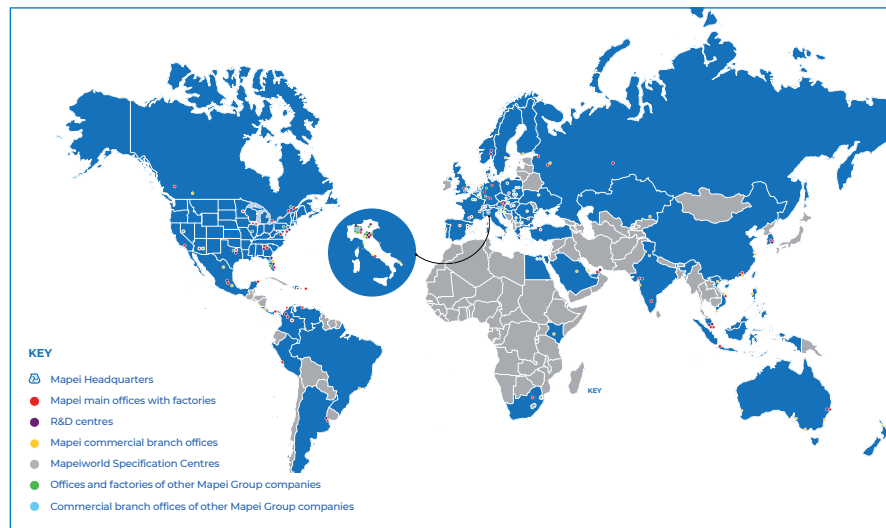


## 1. COMPANY DESCRIPTION / GOAL & SCOPE

Founded in 1937 in Milan, Italy, Mapei produces adhesives and complementary products for laying all types of floor, wall and coating materials, and also specialises in other chemical products used in the building industry, such as waterproofing products, specialty mortars, admixtures for concrete, cement additives, products for underground constructions and for the restoration of concrete and historical buildings.

There are currently 100 subsidiaries in the Mapei Group, with a total of 86 production facilities located around the world in 35 different countries and on 5 different continents. Mapei also has 32 central laboratories. Most locations are ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 or EMAS-certified.

Mapei invests 12% of its company's total workforce and 5% of its turnover in Research & Development; in particular, 70% of its R&D efforts are directed to developing eco-sustainable and environmentally friendly products, which gives an important contribution to all major green rating systems for eco-sustainable buildings such as LEED and BREEAM.



**LEED V4.1** is the latest version of Leadership in Environmental and Energy Design, an American protocol that enables buildings to be certified as eco-sustainable according to parameters and credits described in the most widely adopted green building criteria in the world. Issued by the GBC US, it is mandatory for all LEED projects registered after October 2016.

Numerous changes have been made to the previous version: Mapei products play a part in obtaining important credits thanks to their EPD's (type III environmental declarations) and their products with very low emission of VOC.

Launched in the UK in 1990, **BREEAM** (BRE Environmental Assessment Method) is a protocol for sustainable building practices adopted mainly in the United Kingdom and in Scandinavian countries with the version BREEAM NOR. By adopting this protocol, thanks to their EPD's and very low emission of VOC, Mapei products help towards obtaining relative credits.

Furthermore, Mapei has developed a sales and technical service network with offices all over the world and offers an efficient Technical Assistance Service that is valued by architects, engineers, contractors and owners.

The goal of the study is to provide necessary data and documentation to produce an EPD according to the requirements of PCR 2019:14 Environdec (version 1.11, 2021-02-05) under EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 and to have more comprehension about the environmental impacts related to **Mapefast Super Set** manufactured in Mapei Corp. located in Logan, NJ (US) in the year 2021 including packaging of the finished product and sold by Mapei Inc. located in Laval, QC (CAN).

The target audiences of the study are customers and other parties with an interest in the environmental impact of **Mapefast Super Set**. This analysis shall not support comparative assertions intended to be disclosed to the public.

## 2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

**Mapefast Super Set** is a non-chloride, water-reducing admixture formulated to accelerate the strength development and setting time of concrete in cold weather.

**Mapefast Super Set** is supplied in bulk.

For more information about the product see the TDS (Technical Data Sheet) on Mapei website.

## 3. CONTENT DECLARATION

The main components and ancillary materials of the **Mapefast Super Set** included in this EPD are the following:

*Table 1: Composition referred to 1kg of packaged product*

| Materials | Percentage (%) by mass |
|-----------|------------------------|
| Water     | < 60%                  |
| Amines    | < 10%                  |
| Nitrates  | < 65%                  |
| Additives | < 2%                   |

The product does not contain a concentration higher than 0,1% (by unit weight) of either carcinogenic substances or substances of very high concern (SVHC) on the REACH Candidate List published by the European Chemicals Agency.

## 4. DECLARED UNIT AND REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE

**The declared unit is 1 kg of finished product with packaging.**

Due to the selected system boundary, the reference service life of the products is not specified.

## 5. SYSTEM BOUNDARIES AND ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The approach is “cradle to gate” (A1–A3);

- A1, A2, A3 (Product stages): extraction and processing of raw materials and packaging (A1), transportation up to the factory gate (A2), manufacturing of the finished product (A3);

Table 2: System boundaries

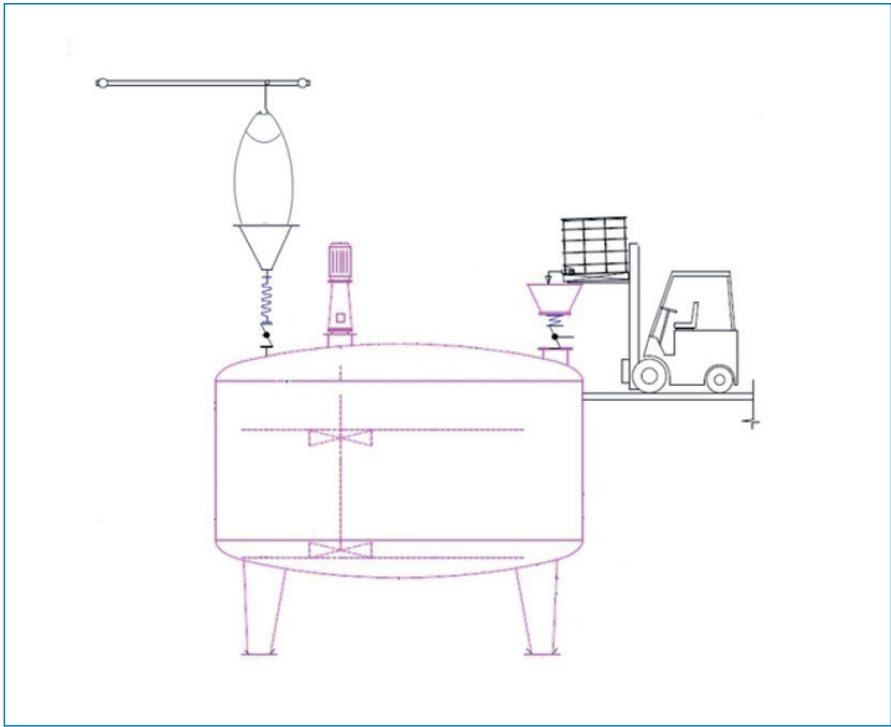
|                      | Product stage       |           |               | Construction process stage |                           | Use stage |             |        |             |               |                        |                       | End of life stage          |           |                  |          | Resource recovery stage            |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
|                      | Raw material supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport                  | Construction installation | Use       | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential |
| Module               | A1                  | A2        | A3            | A4                         | A5                        | B1        | B2          | B3     | B4          | B5            | B6                     | B7                    | C1                         | C2        | C3               | C4       | D                                  |
| Modules declared     | X                   | X         | X             | MND                        | MND                       | MND       | MND         | MND    | MND         | MND           | MND                    | MND                   | MND                        | MND       | MND              | MND      | MND                                |
| Geography            | US                  | US, CAN   | US            | -                          | -                         | -         | -           | -      | -           | -             | -                      | -                     | -                          | -         | -                | -        | -                                  |
| Specific data        | > 90%               |           |               |                            |                           | -         | -           | -      | -           | -             | -                      | -                     | -                          | -         | -                | -        | -                                  |
| Variation – products | Not-relevant        |           |               |                            |                           | -         | -           | -      | -           | -             | -                      | -                     | -                          | -         | -                | -        | -                                  |
| Variation – sites    | Not-relevant        |           |               |                            |                           | -         | -           | -      | -           | -             | -                      | -                     | -                          | -         | -                | -        | -                                  |

MND: Module Not Declared

A brief description of the production process is the following:

The production process starts with raw materials, that are purchased from external and intercompany suppliers and stored in the plant. Bulk raw materials are stored in specific silos and added automatically in the production mixer, according to the formula of the product. Other raw materials, supplied in super sacks, are stored in their warehouse and added automatically or manually to the mixer. The production is a discontinuous process, in which all the components are mechanically mixed in batches. The semi-finished product is then managed in bulk. The quality of final products is controlled before the sale.

Figure 1: Production process detail



## 6. CUT-OFF RULES AND ALLOCATION

Criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs (cut-off rules) in the LCA, information modules and any additional information are intended to support an efficient calculation procedure. They are not applied in order to hide data.

The following procedure is applied for the exclusion of inputs and outputs:

- All inputs and outputs to a unit process, for which data are available, are included in the calculation
- Cut-off criteria, where applied, are described in Table 3

Input flows are covered for the whole formula.

Table 3: Cut-off criteria

| Process excluded from study          | Cut-off criteria                                     | Quantified contribution from process                                   |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A3: production (auxiliary materials) | Less than 10 <sup>-5</sup> kg/kg of finished product | Sensitivity study demonstrates a relative contribution lower than 0,5% |

For the allocation procedure and principles consider the following table (Table 4):

Table 4: Allocation procedure and principles

| Module | Allocation Principle                                                                                                 |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A1     | All data are referred to 1 kg of product<br>A1: electricity is allocated to the specific line                        |
| A3     | All data are referred to 1 kg of packaged product<br>A3-wastes: all data are allocated to the whole production plant |

## 7. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE AND INTERPRETATION



**GWP**

### Climate change

GWPTotal - Global Warming Potential refers to the emission/presence of GHGs (greenhouse gases) in the atmosphere (mainly CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>4</sub>) which contribute to the increase in the temperature of the planet.

GWP-total considers:

- GWP-fossil
- GWP-biogenic
- GWP-luluc (land use and land use change)



**ODP**

### Ozone Depletion

Ozone Depletion Potential refers to the degradation of the stratospheric layer of the ozone involved in blocking the UV component of sunrays. Depletion is due to particularly reactive components that originate from chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) or chlorofluoromethane (CFM).



**AP**

### Acidification

Acidification Potential refers to the emission of specific acidifying substances (i.e. NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>) in the air. These substances decrease the pH of the rainfall with predictable damages to the ecosystem.



**EP**

### Eutrophication

Eutrophication Potential refers to the nutrient enrichment, which determines unbalance in ecosystems and causes the death of the fauna and decreased biodiversity in flora.

It considers:

- EP-freshwater: aquatic freshwater
- EP-marine: aquatic marine
- EP-terrestrial



**POCP**

### Photochemical ozone formation

The Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential is the ozone formation in low atmosphere. This is quite common in the cities where a great amount of pollutants (like VOC and NO<sub>x</sub>) are emitted every day (industrial emissions and vehicles). It is mainly diffused during the summertime.



**ADP  
minerals&metals**

### Depletion of abiotic resources – minerals and metals

Abiotic Depletion Potential elements refers to the depletion of the mineral resources.



**ADP - fossil**

### Depletion of abiotic resources – fossil fuel

Abiotic Depletion Potential fossil fuel refers to the depletion of the fossil fuel resources.



**WDP**

### Water use

It expresses the potential deprivation of water, that consists in not having the water needs satisfied.

The following tables show the environmental impacts for the products considered according to the requirements of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021. The results refer to the declared unit (see § 4). The additional environmental indicators are not declared.

## MAPEFAST SUPER SET

(1 kg product in bulk)

Table 5: Mapefast Super Set: Potential environmental impact – mandatory indicators according to EN 15804 referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Indicator                                 | Unit                       | A1-A3    |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| <b>GWP<sub>TOTAL</sub></b>                | (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.)   | 1,72E+00 |
| <b>GWP<sub>FOSSIL</sub></b>               | (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.)   | 1,72E+00 |
| <b>GWP<sub>BIOGENIC</sub></b>             | (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.)   | 3,25E-03 |
| <b>GWP<sub>LULUC</sub></b>                | (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.)   | 6,06E-04 |
| <b>ODP</b>                                | (kg CFC 11 eq.)            | 6,38E-08 |
| <b>AP</b>                                 | (mol H <sup>+</sup> eq.)   | 7,56E-03 |
| <b>EP<sub>FRESHWATER</sub></b>            | (kg P eq.)                 | 2,56E-04 |
| <b>EP<sub>MARINE</sub></b>                | (kg N eq.)                 | 1,14E-03 |
| <b>EP<sub>TERRESTRIAL</sub></b>           | (mol N eq.)                | 2,20E-02 |
| <b>POCP</b>                               | (kg NMVOC eq.)             | 2,92E-03 |
| <b>ADP<sub>MINERALS&amp;METALS</sub>*</b> | (kg Sb eq.)                | 2,70E-05 |
| <b>ADP<sub>FOSSIL</sub>*</b>              | (MJ)                       | 1,57E+01 |
| <b>WDP*</b>                               | (m <sup>3</sup> world eq.) | 8,06E-01 |

**GWP<sub>TOTAL</sub>**: Global Warming Potential total; **GWP<sub>FOSSIL</sub>**: Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; **GWP<sub>BIOGENIC</sub>**: Global Warming Potential biogenic; **GWP<sub>LULUC</sub>**: Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; **ODP**: Depletion Potential of the stratospheric Ozone layer; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **EP<sub>FRESHWATER</sub>**: Eutrophication Potential, freshwater; **EP<sub>MARINE</sub>**: Eutrophication Potential, marine; **EP<sub>TERRESTRIAL</sub>**: Eutrophication Potential, terrestrial; **POCP**: Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; **ADP<sub>MINERALS&METALS</sub>\***: Abiotic Depletion Potential for non-fossil resources; **ADP<sub>FOSSIL</sub>\***: Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources; **WDP**: Water Deprivation Potential.

*\*the results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is a limited experience with the indicator*

Table 6: Mapefast Super Set: Potential environmental impact – additional mandatory and voluntary indicators referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Indicator      | Unit                     | A1-A3    |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------|
| <b>GWP-GHG</b> | (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.) | 1,63E+00 |

**GWP-GHG**: The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is thus equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.

Table 7: Mapefast Super Set: Use of resources referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Indicator    | Unit           | A1-A3    |
|--------------|----------------|----------|
| <b>PERE</b>  | MJ             | 6,00E-01 |
| <b>PERM</b>  | MJ             | 0,00E+00 |
| <b>PERT</b>  | MJ             | 6,00E-01 |
| <b>PENRE</b> | MJ             | 1,58E+01 |
| <b>PENRM</b> | MJ             | 0,00E+00 |
| <b>PENRT</b> | MJ             | 1,58E+01 |
| <b>SM*</b>   | kg             | 0,00E+00 |
| <b>RSF</b>   | MJ             | 0,00E+00 |
| <b>NRSF</b>  | MJ             | 0,00E+00 |
| <b>FW</b>    | m <sup>3</sup> | 1,88E-02 |

**PERE**: Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PERM**: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PERT**: Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials); **PENRE**: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PENRM**: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; **PENRT**: Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials); **SM**: Use of secondary material; **RSF**: Use of renewable secondary fuels; **NRSF**: Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; **FW**: Net use of fresh water.

*\* Referred only to 1 kg of product without packaging*

Table 8: Mapefast Super Set: Waste production and output flows referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Indicator                     | Unit | A1-A3    |
|-------------------------------|------|----------|
| HWD                           | kg   | 4,00E-09 |
| NHWD                          | kg   | 3,72E-03 |
| RWD                           | kg   | 1,58E-05 |
| Components for re-use         | kg   | 0,00E+00 |
| Materials for recycling       | kg   | 1,71E-03 |
| Materials for energy recovery | kg   | 0,00E+00 |
| Exported energy, electricity  | MJ   | 0,00E+00 |
| Exported energy, thermal      | MJ   | 0,00E+00 |

**HWD:** Hazardous waste disposed; **NHWD:** Non-Hazardous waste disposed; **RWD:** Radioactive waste disposed

Table 9: Mapefast Super Set: Information on biogenic carbon content at the factory gate referred to 1 kg of product in bulk

| Biogenic Carbon Content              | Unit | Quantity |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|
| Biogenic carbon content in product   | kg C | 0,00E+00 |
| Biogenic carbon content in packaging | kg C | 0,00E+00 |

Tables 5 to 9 show absolute results for all the environmental categories considered.

The main environmental impacts of the product's life cycle come from the extraction and processing of raw materials (**module A1**). The Product stage (**module A3**) doesn't considerably affect the results.

More details about the electrical mix used in this EP are shown below:

|                                           | Data source | GWP <sub>TOTAL</sub> | Unit                        |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Residual electricity grid mix (US) – 2020 | IEA         | 0,622*               | kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eqv/kWh |

\*CML2001 – Aug. 2016

## 8. DATA QUALITY

Table 10: Data quality

| Dataset & Geographical reference   | Database (source) | Temporary reference |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| <b>A1; A3</b>                      |                   |                     |
| Amines                             | Ecoinvent 3.8;    | 2021                |
| Nitrates                           | Ecoinvent 3.8;    | 2021                |
| Water                              | Sphera Database;  | 2021                |
| Additives                          | Ecoinvent 3.8;    | 2021                |
| Residual electricity grid mix (US) | Sphera Database;  | 2021                |
| <b>A2</b>                          |                   |                     |
| Truck, 27t payload (GLO)           | Sphera Database   | 2021                |
| Diesel for transport (US)          | Sphera database   | 2018                |
| Heavy Fuel Oil (US)                | Sphera database   | 2018                |
| Electricity grid mix (US)          | Sphera database   | 2018                |

All data included in the table above refer to a period between 2018 and 2021; the most relevant ones are specific from suppliers, while the others (i.e. transport and minor contribution dataset), come from European and global databases.

All dataset are not more than 10 years old according to EN 15804 §6.3.8.2 “Data quality requirements”.

Primary data concern the year 2021 and represent the whole annual production.

The Quality level concerning datasets used in the EPD can be considered as “very good” or “good” according to Annex E of the EN 15804 (current version).

## 9. REQUISITE EVIDENCE

### 9.1 Traci 2.1

| Indicator                                   | Unit                     | A1-A3    |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| AP                                          | (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq.) | 6,07E-03 |
| EP                                          | (kg N eq.)               | 2,65E-03 |
| GWP                                         | (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.) | 1,68E+00 |
| ODP                                         | (kg CFC 11 eq.)          | 6,74E-08 |
| Resources                                   | (MJ)                     | 1,58E+00 |
| SFP                                         | (kg O <sub>3</sub> eq.)  | 5,21E-02 |
| IPCC AR5 GWP <sub>100</sub>                 | (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.) | 1,71E+00 |
| ADP <sub>FOSSIL</sub><br>CML 2001 -Jan 2016 | (MJ)                     | 1,53E+01 |

**AP:** Acidification Potential; **EP:** Eutrophication Potential; **GWP:** Global Warming Air; **ODP:** Depletion Potential of the stratospheric Ozone layer; **Resources:** Resources, Fossil fuels [MJ surplus energy] **SFP:** Smog Formation Potential; **IPCC AR5:** GWP<sub>100</sub>, incl. cc fb, excl. biogenic carbon; **ADP<sub>FOSSIL</sub>:** Abiotic Depletion Potential for fossil resources;

## 10. VERIFICATION AND REGISTRATION

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.

### CEN standard EN 15804 served as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)

|                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PCR:                                                                                           | PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804:A2), Version 1.11, 2021-02-05, UN CPC code 54                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| PCR review was conducted by:                                                                   | The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System.<br>See <a href="http://www.environdec.com/TC">www.environdec.com/TC</a> for a list of members.<br>Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile.<br>The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat <a href="http://www.environdec.com/contact">www.environdec.com/contact</a> . |
| Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006: | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EPD Process Certification<br><input type="checkbox"/> EPD Verification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Third party verifier:                                                                          | Certiquality S.r.l.<br>Number of accreditation: 003H rev15                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Accredited or approved by:                                                                     | Accredia                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third-party verifier              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input type="checkbox"/> No                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## 11. REFERENCES

- EN 15804: SUSTAINABILITY OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS - ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATIONS - CORE RULES FOR THE PRODUCT CATEGORY OF CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS
- GENERAL PROGRAMME INSTRUCTIONS OF THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM. VERSION 3.01
- ISO 14025 ENVIRONMENTAL LABELS AND DECLARATIONS - TYPE III ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATIONS - PRINCIPLES AND PROCEDURES
- ISO 14044 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT – LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT – REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES
- PCR 2019:14 CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS (EN 15804: A2), UN CPC CODE 54; VERSION 1.11
- UNITED STATES RESIDUAL MIXES - IEA WEBSITE - TOTAL ENERGY SUPPLY (TES) BY SOURCE

## CONTACT INFORMATION

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